

May 30, 2017



Key messages

- Policy focus: fiscal and monetary prudence and potential enhancing reforms
- Third year most eventful
 - Demonetisation, GST and political consolidation
- Implementation must now take the baton
- States begin to play a bigger role
- Political math turning favourable for NDA
- Macro numbers healthy, but challenges constrain the speed of growth
- Outlook 2017-18



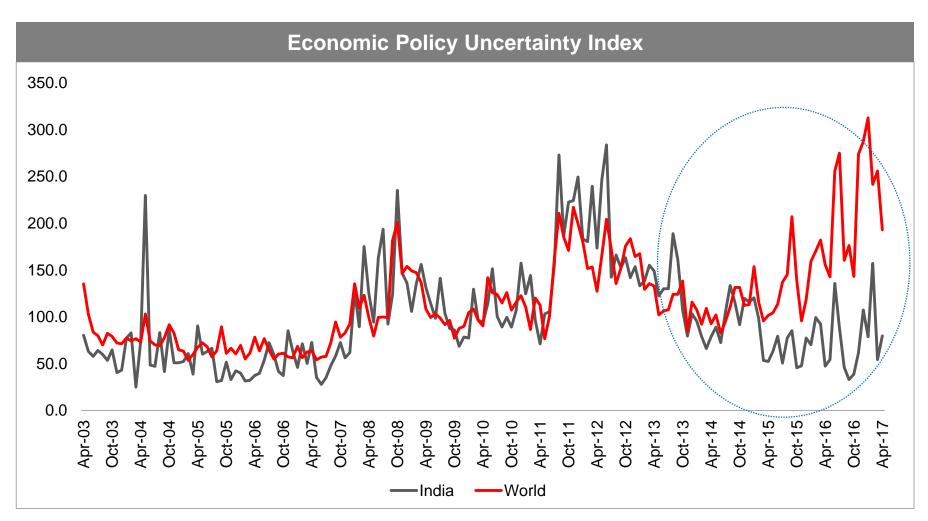
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Taking stock of reforms

Low Mid **Fast** 2017 2017 2016 2016 2016/ × 2017 Goods market efficiency Health and education Macroeconomic environment 2016 2017 2017 2017 2016 2016 Infrastructure Institutions Technological readiness 2016 2017 Speedometer key Starting point: WEF Global Competitiveness Ranking 2016 Dark red: No action Red: Identified problem/ measures announced Orange: Implementation started and initial steps taken Yellow: Work in progress Financial market development Light green: Significant progress made Dark green: Action completed



Economic policy uncertainty remains low in India



Source: "Measuring Economic Policy Uncertainty" by Scott Baker, Nicholas Bloom and Steven J. Davis at www.PolicyUncertainty.com.



What do policy moves imply

Policy focus is more about raising 'trend' than 'cyclical' growth



Prudent monetary and fiscal policies



Repair (power, banking) and reforms (GST, Bankruptcy code)

Implications

Short term

- Growth will be a grind up
- Macro stability will improve resilience to global shocks

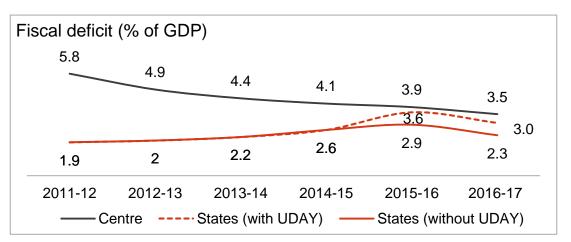
Medium term

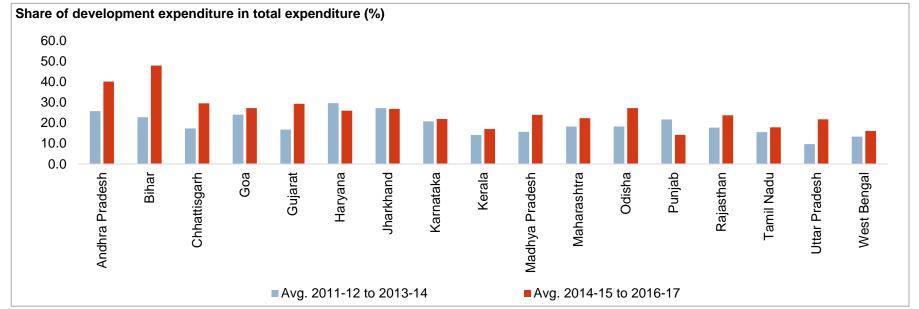
- Improve prospects for sustainable high growth
- Formalization of the economy
- Low inflation environment





Centre-state fiscal health dichotomy







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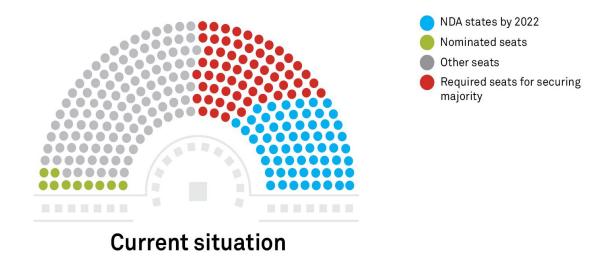
States to play a bigger role

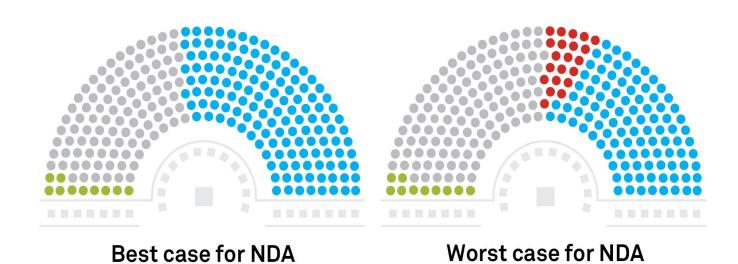
Which states are at the forefront on reforms?

	Per capita income* (Rs.)	Land	Labour	Rera	Agri
Goa	205,185				
Chandigarh	192,951				
Sikkim	177,441				
Haryana	124,092				
Uttarakhand	116,557				
Kerala	115,848				
Maharashtra	113,378				
Gujarat	109,846				
Karnataka	108,908				
Tamil Nadu	106,034				
Telangana	105,488				
Himachal Pradesh	105,269				
Punjab	96,638				
Andhra Pradesh	79,441				
Chhattisgarh	64,841				
Rajasthan	64,001				
Tripura	58,888				
Odisha	54,926				
Assam	45,692				
Jharkhand	48,549				
Madhya Pradesh	44,110				
Uttar Pradesh	35,693				
Bihar	25,399				



Legislative math bodes well for NDA



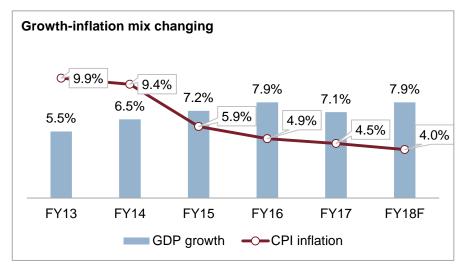


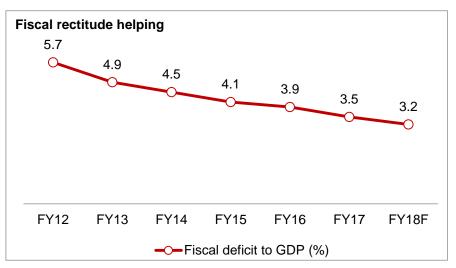
Research

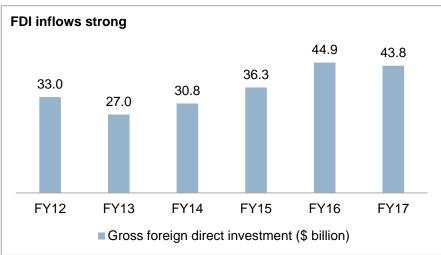
An S&P Global Company

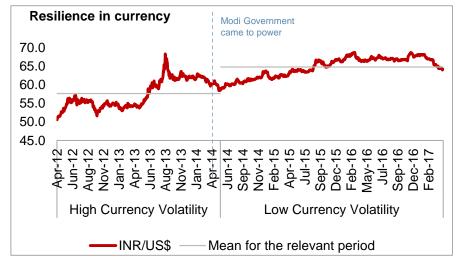
Crucial macros are looking good

Provide leeway for reforms



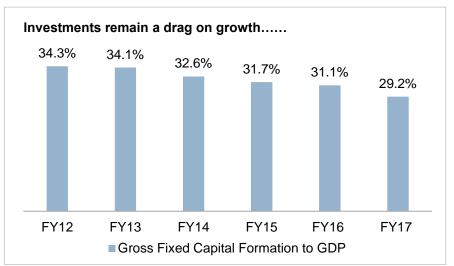


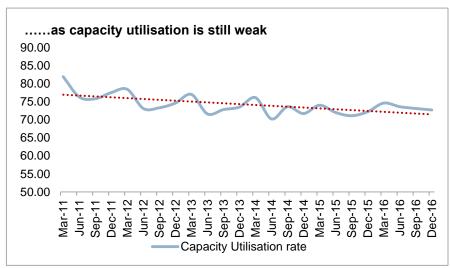


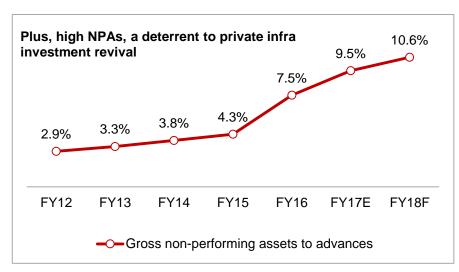


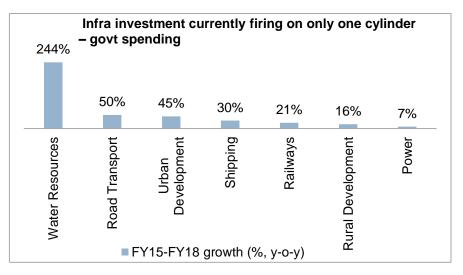


What is holding back











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Outlook 2017-18

	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18F
GDP growth (%)	6.6	7.2	7.9	7.1*	7.4
Inflation (%)	9.5	6.0	5.0	4.7	5.0
10-year yield (March-end)	8.8	7.7	7.5	6.8	6.9
CAD / GDP	1.7	1.3	1.1	0.9	1.3
Fiscal deficit / GDP	4.6	4.0	3.9	3.5	3.2
Exchange rate (Rs/\$, March)	61.0	62.4	67.0	65.9	67.5
Investment / GDP	32.6	31.7	31.1	29.2	~29
NPA / Advances	3.8	4.3	7.5	9.5	10.6

Source: Central Statistical Organisation, RBI and CRISIL. Note: * CSO advance estimates



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Thank you

Dharmakirti Joshi

Chief Economist

Dipti Deshpande

Senior Economist

